



SUSTAINABLE AEROSPACE TOGETHER

Getting Aviation Decarbonisation off the Ground

Industrial Net Zero Conference 2025

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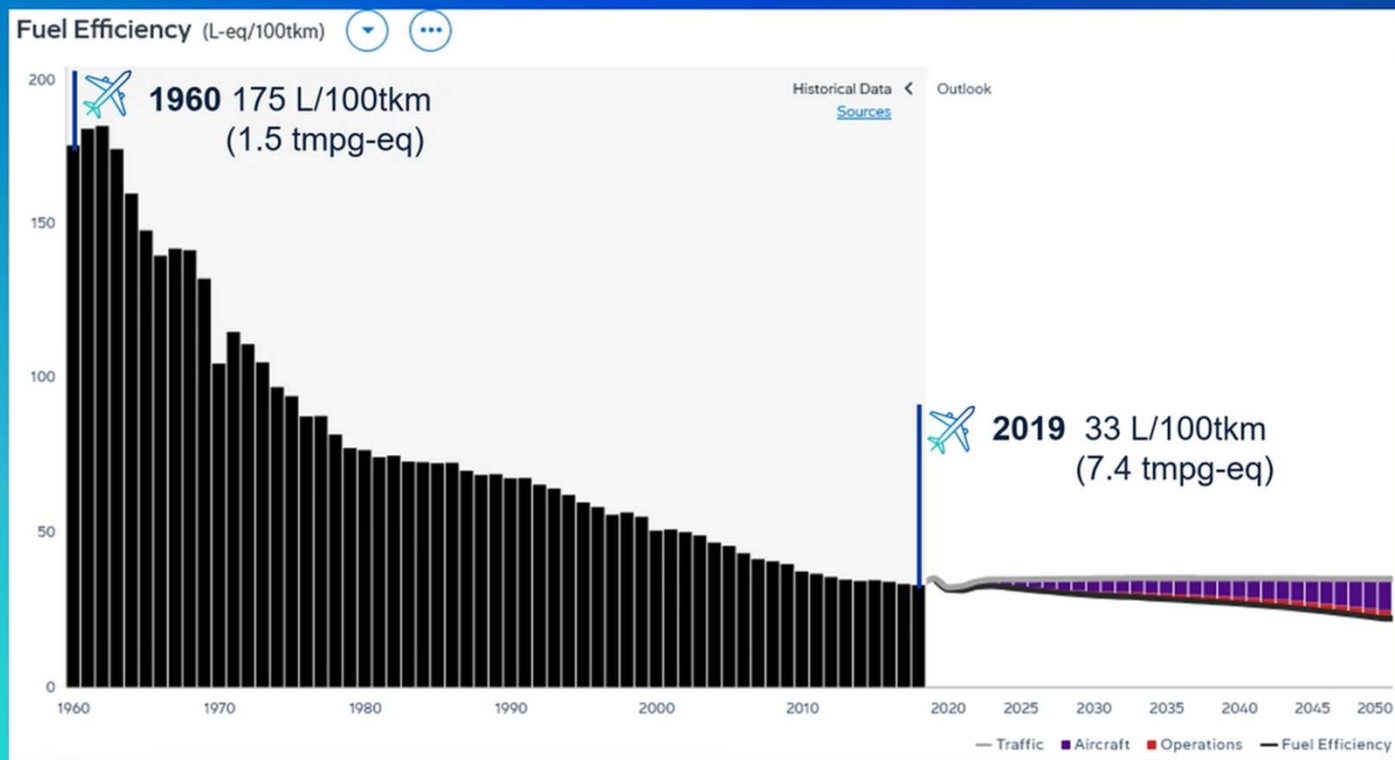
BOEING PROPRIETARY



Historic Growth and Efficiency Gains

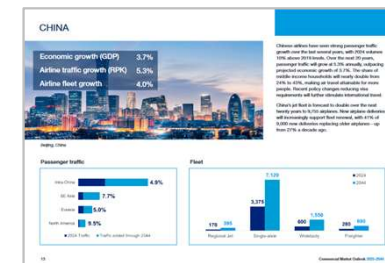
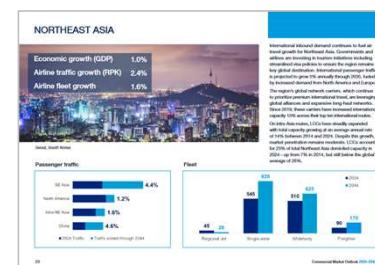
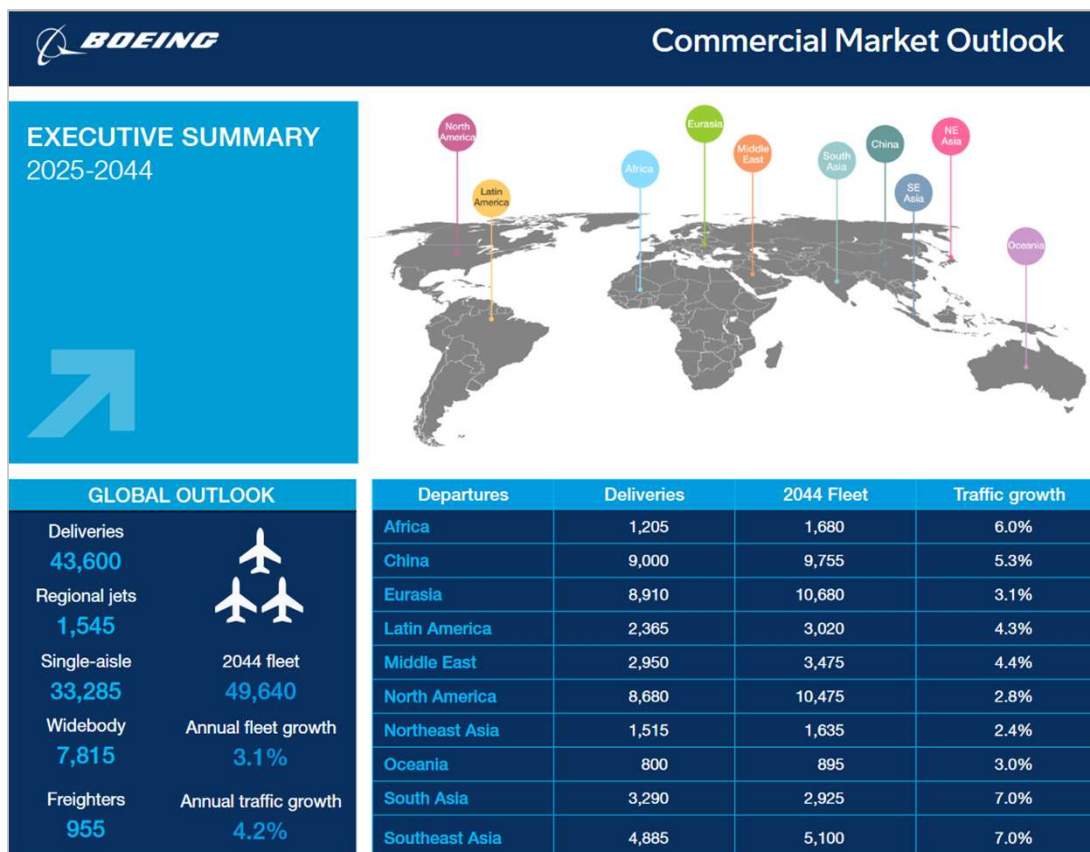
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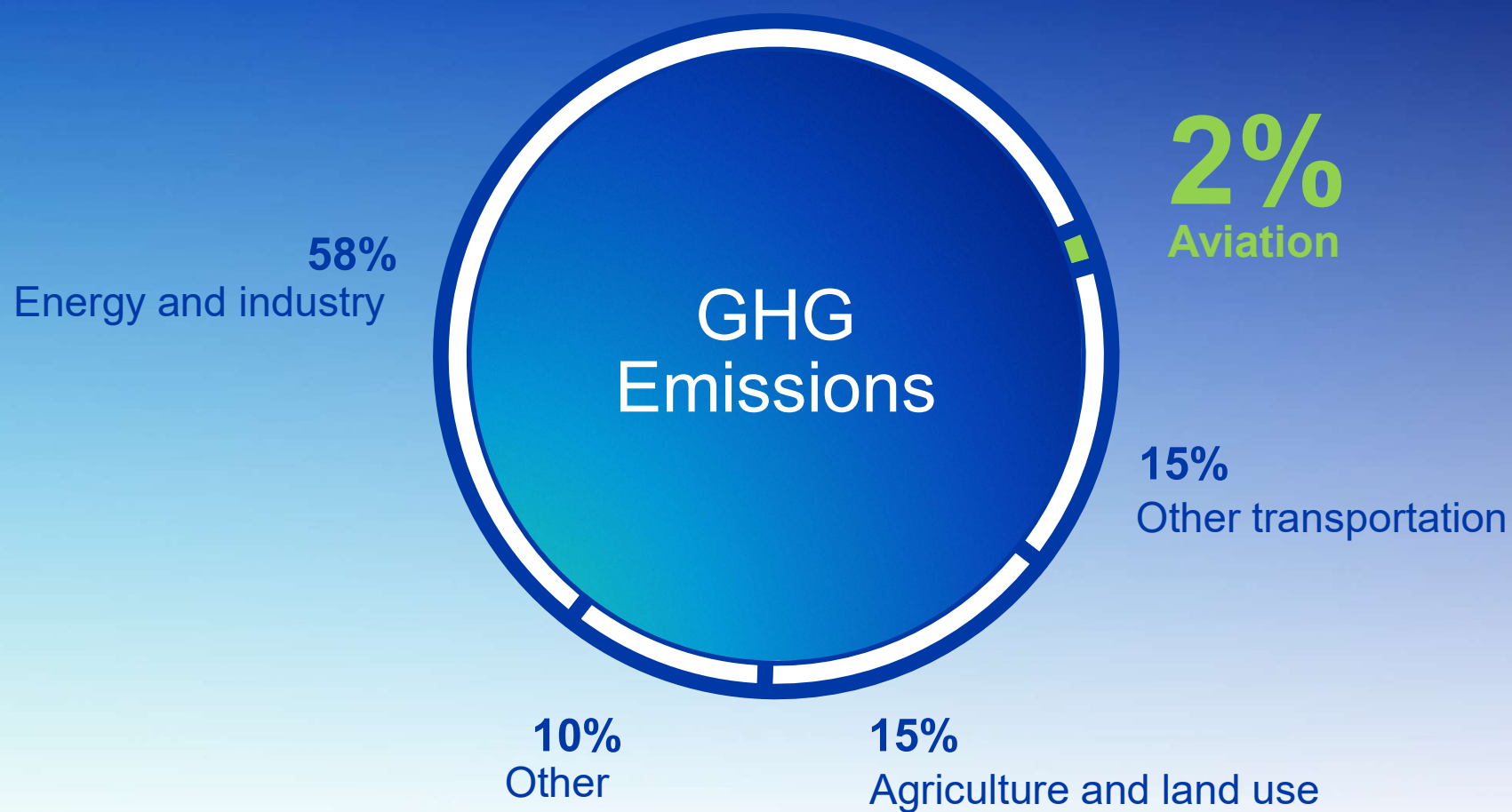
Since the dawn of the jet age, there has been an 80% decrease in fuel use



Commercial Market Outlook

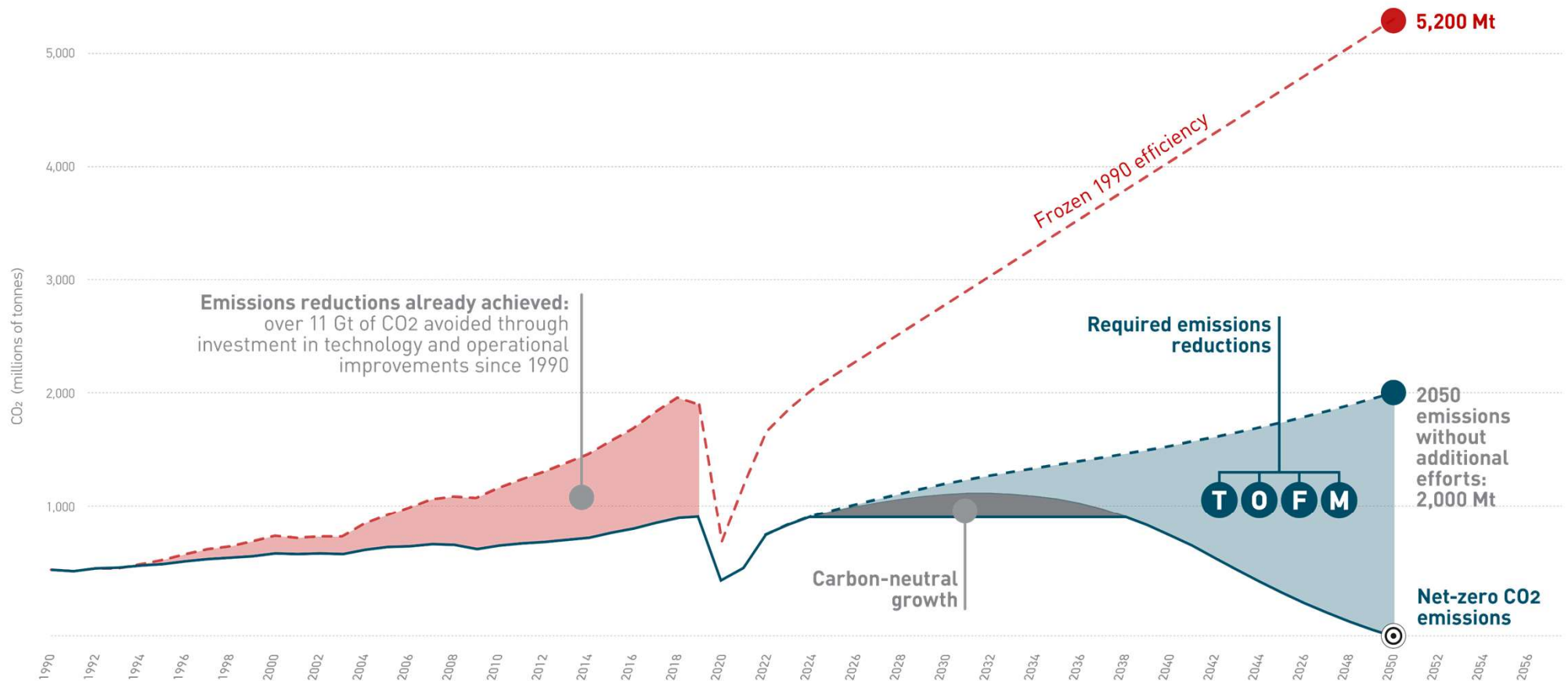
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Source: World Resources Institute

Charting a course for 2050: net-zero globally (the wedge chart)



Strategies for Sustainable Growth

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FLEET RENEWAL



OPERATIONAL EFFICIENCY



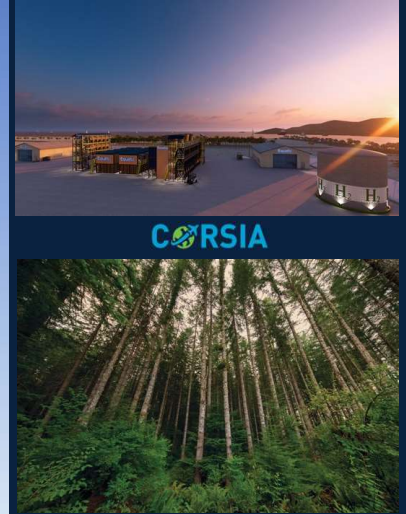
RENEWABLE ENERGY



ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY



MARKET-BASED MEASURES



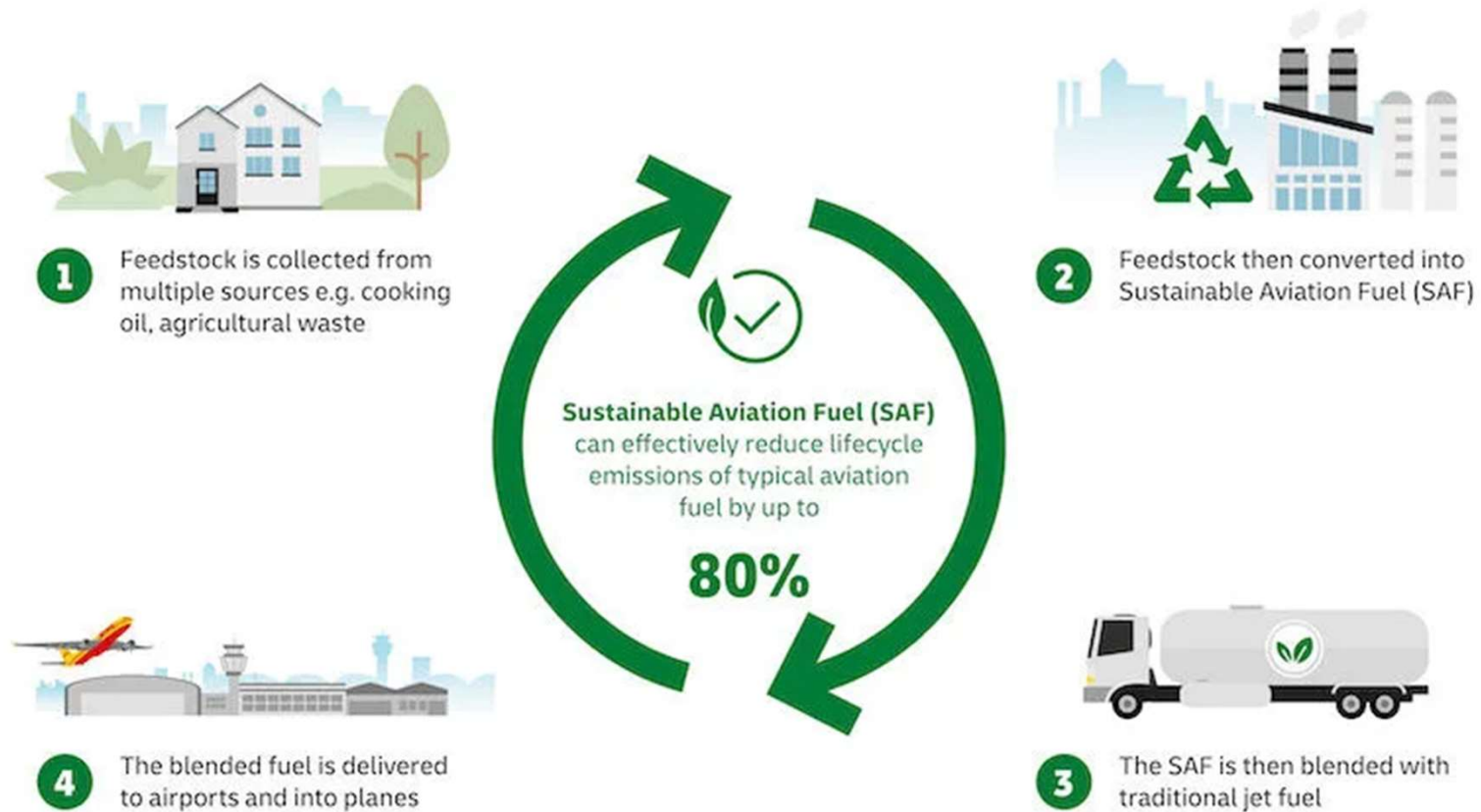
Emissions Reduction Contributions

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	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2045	2050	
Commuter » 9-50 seats » <60 minute flights » <1% of industry CO ₂	SAF	Electric or hydrogen fuel cell and/or SAF	Electric or hydrogen fuel cell and/or SAF	Electric or hydrogen fuel cell and/or SAF	Electric or hydrogen fuel cell and/or SAF	Electric or hydrogen fuel cell and/or SAF	Electric or hydrogen fuel cell and/or SAF	~27% of CO ₂ emissions
Regional » 50-100 seats » 30-90 minute flights » ~3% of industry CO ₂	SAF	SAF	Electric or hydrogen fuel cell and/or SAF	Electric or hydrogen fuel cell and/or SAF	Electric or hydrogen fuel cell and/or SAF	Electric or hydrogen fuel cell and/or SAF	Electric or hydrogen fuel cell and/or SAF	
Short-haul » 100-150 seats » 45-120 minute flights » ~24% of industry CO ₂	SAF	SAF	SAF	SAF potentially some hydrogen	Hydrogen and/or SAF	Hydrogen and/or SAF	Hydrogen and/or SAF	
Medium-haul » 100-250 seats » 60-150 minute flights » ~43% of industry CO ₂	SAF	SAF	SAF	SAF	SAF	SAF	SAF potentially some hydrogen	~73% of CO ₂
Long-haul » 250+ seats » 150 minute + flights » ~30% of industry CO ₂	SAF	SAF	SAF	SAF	SAF	SAF	SAF	

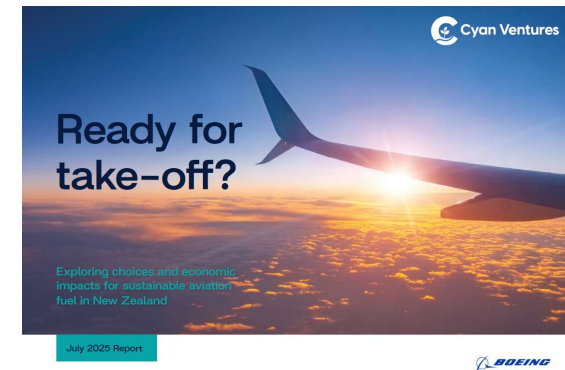
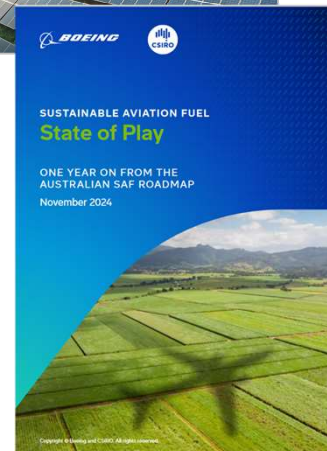
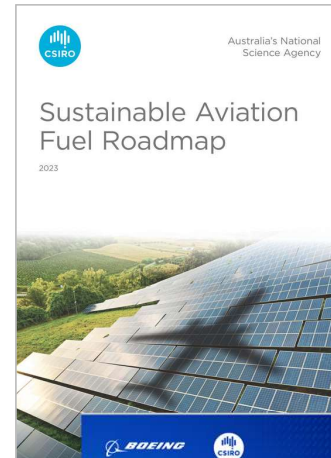
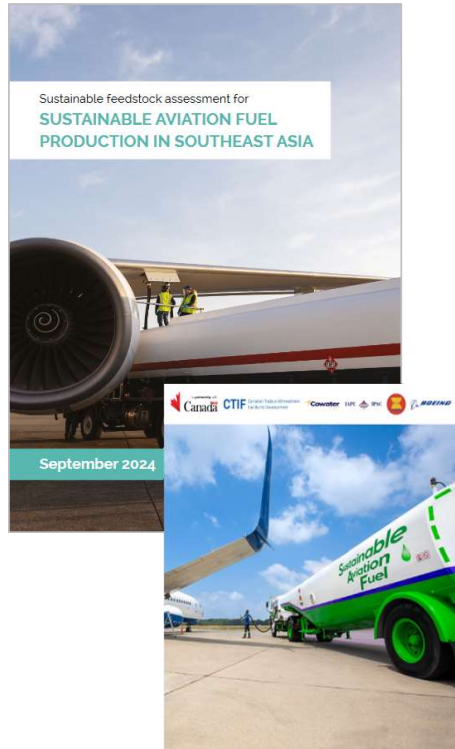
What is Sustainable Aviation Fuel (SAF)?

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SAF Analysis Across Asia Pacific

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The Australian Context

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Australia has a significant opportunity to develop a diversified portfolio of feedstocks for a domestic SAF industry



Feedstock Distribution

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The Liquid Fuel Transition

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Australia

Has feedstock to meet
60% now and 90% in
2050

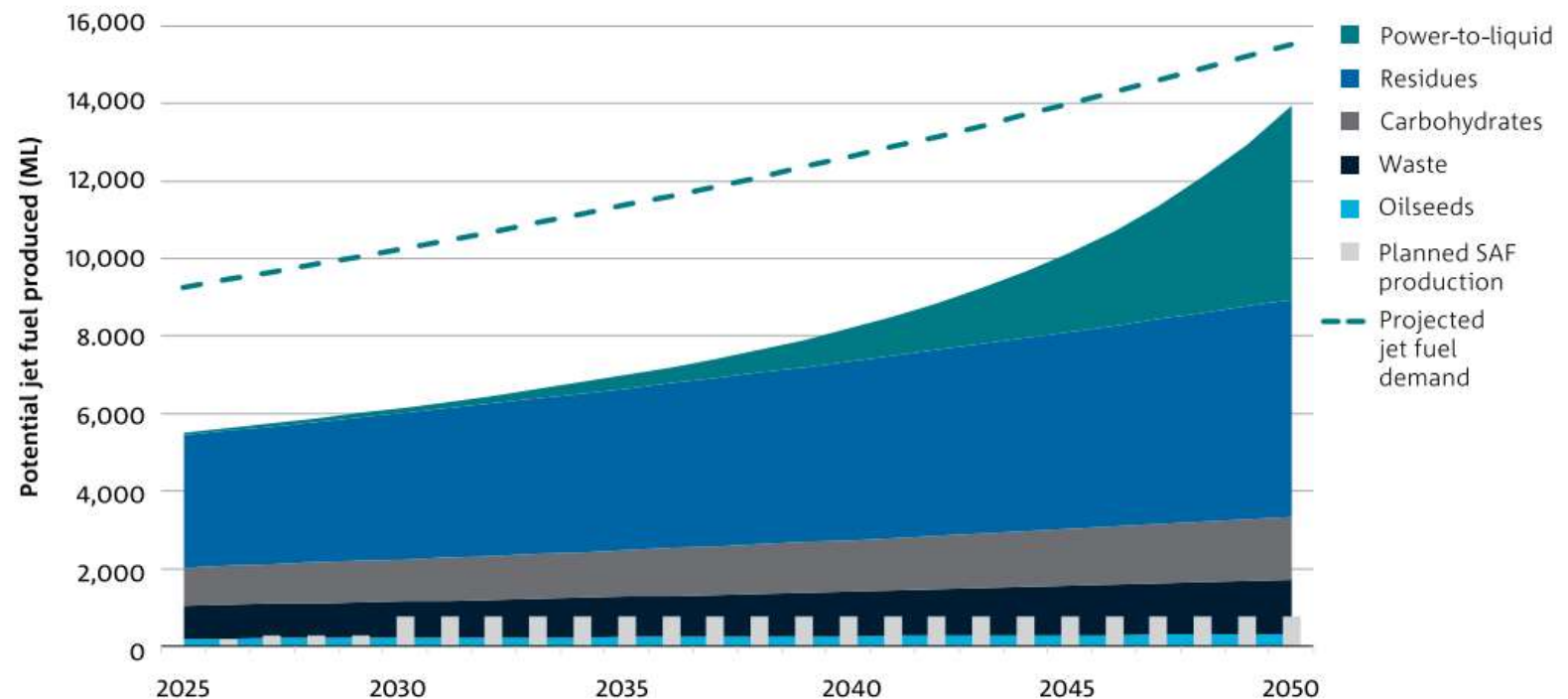
By 2050 Australia
needs

26 nth scale SAF
refineries

\$123 billion in
financing

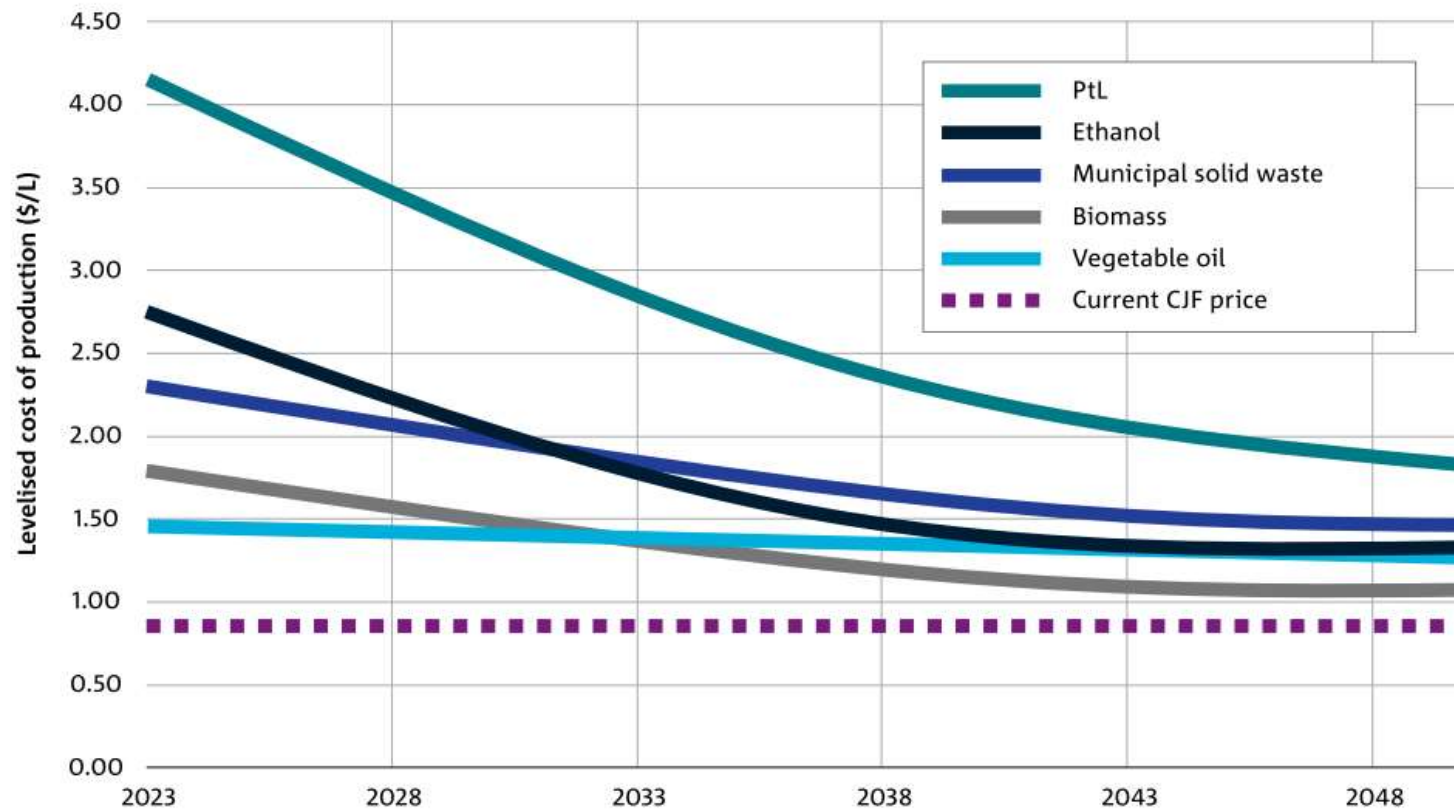
\$34.8 billion
(Aviation portion)

\$111 million per
month



Projected Production Costs

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Benefits of Action

HIGH Ambition Scenario

Conventional Jet Fuel Market Share of 10%

13.8

billion L of SAF

- By 2050, Australian aviation emissions could be reduced by over 50% using SAF, which is projected to meet 85% of the jet fuel demand in the industry.
- Significant investment and economic opportunity: By utilising the feedstock modelling from this scenario, this opportunity equates to \$19 billion worth of fuel by 2050.³
- Increased sovereign fuel security: Converting locally sourced biomass into SAF could significantly enhance Australia's energy security, reducing dependence on imported fossil fuels and ensuring a stable, renewable energy supply for the aviation sector.
- Jobs: The bioenergy sector in Australia has the potential to create 26,000 new jobs⁵

VS

Cost of Inaction

LOW Ambition Scenario

Conventional Jet Fuel Market Share of 92%

1.22

billion L of SAF

- Australia loses valuable feedstock offshore: Of the 4.5 million tonnes of canola grown annually, only 30% is processed locally while 70% (around 3.1 million tonnes) is exported, with 75% of that being processed into biofuels abroad.⁶
- Heavy reliance on imports: Australia imports 90% of its liquid fuels, including jet fuel, through long supply chains vulnerable to geopolitical and climate risks, making the nation dependent on foreign-produced SAF.³
- Missed opportunities: Australia is missing out on job creation and significant economic benefits by not fully capitalising on its bioenergy potential.

Cost of Inaction – Aotearoa

Producing and adopting SAF can bring NZD2.3 billion in net benefits to the New Zealand economy between now and 2050

Benefits and costs of producing and adopting SAF in New Zealand (Pathway 2)¹
NZD billions (NPV terms)

Costs Benefits Net Benefits

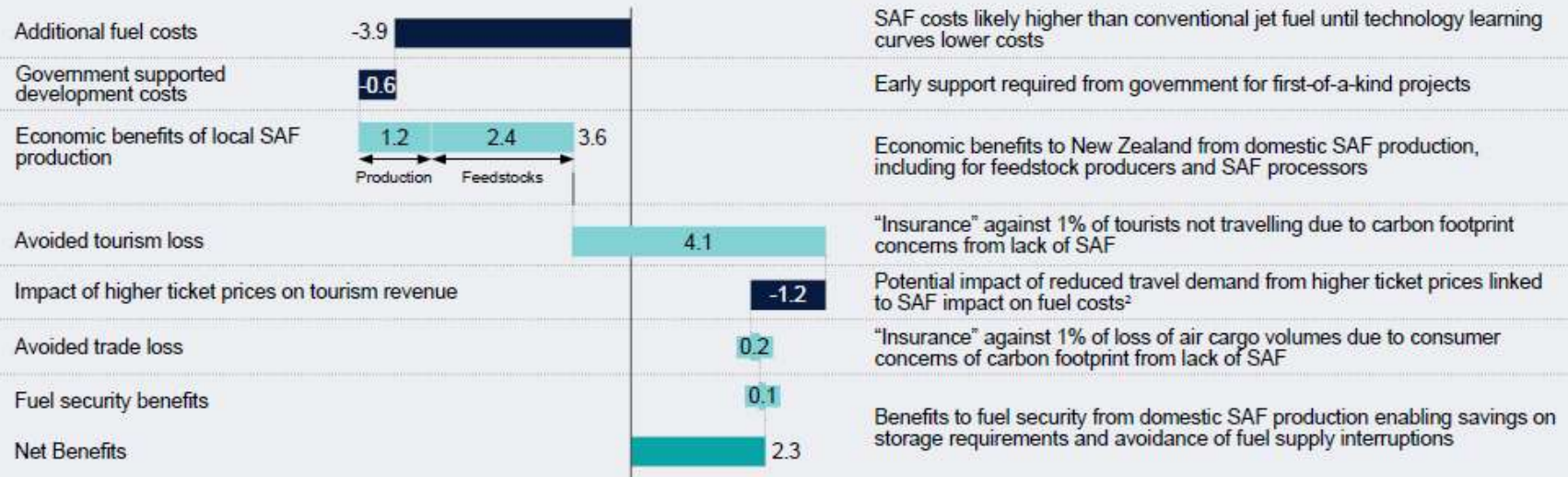


Exhibit E2

Source: Cyan Ventures analysis

¹ Assumes Pathway 2 (i.e., 30% SAF by 2050, all domestically produced). All values are NPV with an 8% discount rate over the period to 2050.

² Demand elasticity was assessed in line with the MBIE study- i.e., SAF cost impacts as a share of total trip cost rather just ticket cost.

Australia and New Zealand Competitiveness

Short-term and long-term competitiveness in SAF

Location of dots indicates relative ranking of country



Policy is required to provide financial certainty and support long-term investment .

Fuel Security



90% of liquid fuels
are imported
(Boeing & CSIRO,
2023)

Potential futures
shocks
- Geopolitical
- Climate risks

Renewable diesel
production can
decarbonise other
HTA sectors

Domestic SAF
production
diversifies supply
chains



Thank you

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